

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

Exam Seat No: \_\_\_\_\_

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Summer Examination-2018

Subject Name: Group Theory

Subject Code: 5SC02GRT1

Branch: M.Sc. (Mathematics)

Semester: 2

Date: 04/05/2018

Time: 10:30 To 01:30

Marks: 70

### Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator and any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
  - (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
  - (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
  - (4) Assume suitable data if needed.
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### SECTION – I

**Q-1 Answer the Following questions:** (07)

- a) Define: Group (01)
- b) Define: Index of subgroup of group. (01)
- c) Define: Normalizer of element of group. (01)
- d) If  $(G, *)$  is a group and  $a, b \in G$  then prove that  $(a * b)^{-1} = b^{-1} * a^{-1}$  (02)  
Let  $G$  be a group. If  $(ab)^2 = a^2 b^2 \forall a, b \in G$  then prove that  $G$  is abelian. (02)

**Q-2 Attempt all questions** (14)

- a) If  $G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & a \\ a & a \end{bmatrix} / a \text{ is non zero real number} \right\}$  then prove that  $G$  is group under multiplication. (05)
- b) If  $(G, *)$  be a group and  $o(a) = n$  then prove the following (05)
  - (i)  $o(a^q) \leq o(a)$  for any integer  $q$ .
  - (ii)  $o(a^{-1}) = o(a)$ .
- c) Define Centre of group  $G$ . Prove that Centre of group  $G$  is subgroup of  $G$ . (04)

**OR**

**Q-2 Attempt all questions** (14)

- a) Prove that every cyclic group is an abelian group. Also prove that every subgroup of abelian group is normal. (05)
- b) Prove that any two right cosets of a subgroup are either disjoint or identical. (05)  
A homomorphism  $\phi: (G, \cdot) \rightarrow (G', *)$  is one one if and only if  $\ker \phi = \{e\}$ . (04)

**Q-3 Attempt all questions** (14)

- a) In usual notation prove that  $I(G) \cong G/Z$ . (05)



- b) If a cyclic subgroup  $T$  of  $G$  is normal in  $G$  then prove that every subgroup of  $T$  is normal in  $G$ . (05)
- c) Define: Congruence relation. Prove that the congruent relation is an equivalence relation. (04)

OR

- Q-3 Attempt all questions** (14)
- a) Define quaternion group. Prove that it is group under multiplication. (05)
- b) If in the group  $G$ ,  $a^5 = e$ ,  $aba^{-1} = b^2$  for  $a, b \in G$  find  $o(b)$ . (05)
- c) Prove that a group of prime order is cyclic. (04)

## SECTION – II

- Q-4 Answer the Following questions:** (07)
- a) Define:  $p$  – sylow subgroup. (01)
- b) Define: Internal Direct product. (01)
- c) Write a class equation for group. (01)
- d) Let  $G$  be a group with order 12. Does there exists a subgroup of order 5? Justify your answer. (02)
- e) Let  $o(G) = 120$ . Does there exists a 5 – sylow subgroup of  $G$ ? Justify your answer. (02)

- Q-5 Attempt all questions** (14)
- a) State and prove fundamental theorem of homomorphism. (07)
- b) Let  $G$  be a group and suppose  $G$  is the internal direct product of  $N_1, N_2, \dots, N_n$ . Let  $T = N_1 \times N_2 \times \dots \times N_n$ . Then prove that  $G$  and  $T$  are isomorphic. (05)
- c) Let  $G$  be a group and  $\phi$  is an automorphism of  $G$ . If  $a \in G$  is of order  $o(a) = n > 0$  then prove that  $o(\phi(a)) = o(a)$ . (02)

OR

- Q-5 Attempt all questions** (14)
- a) Prove that each permutation  $f \in S_n$  can be expressed as a composition of disjoint cycles. (07)
- b) Let  $G$  be group. For a fixed element  $g$  in  $G$ , define  $\phi : G \rightarrow G$  by  $\phi(x) = gxg^{-1}$ . Prove that is  $\phi$  an isomorphism of  $G$  on to  $G$ . (05)
- c) Find  $o(f)$ , where (02)
- $$f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 10 & 7 & 8 & 14 & 9 & 12 & 5 & 11 & 6 & 3 & 4 & 1 & 13 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \in S_{14}$$

- Q-6 Attempt all questions** (14)
- a) State and prove Cayley's theorem. (07)
- b) List all conjugate classes in  $S_3$ , find  $c'_a$ 's for each class. (05)
- c) If order of group  $G$  is 49, then prove that  $G$  is abelian. (02)

OR

- Q-6 Attempt all Questions** (14)



- a) State and prove Sylow's theorem (07)
- b) If  $o(G) = 24$  and  $G$  is abelian then how many subgroups of order 8? (05)
- c) How many conjugate classes in  $S_4$ ? (02)

